In the Claims

Please cancel claims 1-10, 15 and 20. Also please amend claims 11, 14, and 16-19 as indicated below, and add new claims 21-27 as indicated below.

- 1 10. Canceled.
- 11. (currently amended) An apparatus to provide full spectrum images consisting of comprising:
- a) a full-spectrum light source;
- b) a programmable diffraction grating to separate light from the source into its spectral components;
- c) a scanning mirror;
- d) a reflection system controllable on a pixel by pixel basis to modulate light output from the diffraction grating; and
- d) a scanning mirror to form an image from light modulated by the reflection system.
- 12. An apparatus according to claim 11 wherein the light source is a femto-second laser.
- 13. An apparatus according to claim 11 wherein the reflection system is a digital micro-mirror device.
- 14. (currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 11, for motion imaging at a selected frame rate, wherein the scanning mirror is a multisided, front-surface mirror vibrating in synchronism with the frame rate.
- 15. Canceled.

- 16. (currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 4711, wherein the grating is electrically deformable.
- 17. (currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 1816, wherein the grating is affixed to an electrically deformable substrate.
- 18. (currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 4711, wherein the grating is magnetically deformable.
- 19. (currently amended) An apparatus according to claim 2011, wherein the grating is mounted to a magnetically deformable substrate.
- 20. Canceled.
- 21 (new). A method for displaying a pixel having a desired spectral characteristic, the method comprising:

providing full spectrum light;

using a diffraction grating to separate the light into its spectral components; and modulating the intensity of the spectral components to produce a light output characteristic of such pixel.

- 22. (new) A method for displaying a full spectrum image, the method comprising: providing full spectrum light; using a diffraction grating to separate the light into its spectral components; and
- for each pixel of the image, modulating the intensity of the spectral components to produce a light output characteristic of such pixel; and using a scanning mirror arrangement to form the image.
- 23. (new) A method according to claim 22, wherein modulating the intensity of the spectral components includes using an array of micro-mirrors.

- 24. (new) A method according to claim 22, wherein the diffraction grating is deformable, and using the diffraction grating includes deforming it in a controlled manner so to permit selection of desired spectral components.
- 25. (new) A method according to claim 24, wherein deforming the grating includes using an electrically deformable substrate to which the grating is mechanically coupled.
- 26. (new) A method according to claim 24, wherein deforming the grating includes using a magneto-strictive substrate to which the grating is mechanically coupled.
- 27. (new) A method according to claim 22, wherein providing full spectrum light includes using a femto-second laser.